Fourier Transforms a very brief intro

Basis of Fourier's ideas.

- Any function can be composed of a sum of simple sine waves.
- Each sine wave then has a frequency and phase.
- Summing all these sine wave together creates the final function.
- Summing a limited number will create an imperfect representation of the function.

• a square wave can be made by adding...



• a square wave can be made by adding...

• the fundamental...

\ / \



a square wave can be made by adding...

• the fundamental...





a square wave can be made by adding...

• the fundamental...

 \sim minus 1/3 of the third harmonic





a square wave can be made by adding...

• the fundamental...

www.www • minus 1/7th of the 7th harmonic...



images.

Image with I Fourier component in each direction



images.

Image with I Fourier component in each direction



images.

Image with I Fourier component in each direction



+



images.

Image with 2 Fourier components in each direction



images.

Image with 2 Fourier components in each direction



images.

Image with 2 Fourier components in each direction





+

images.

Image with 3 Fourier components in each direction

















The full Fourier Transforms



The full Fourier Transforms



Intensity Image

The full Fourier Transforms



Intensity Image

Phase Image

A few technical points.

- As the image has discrete pixels, this is a Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT) and you DON'T need an infinite series
- Every point in the image contributes to every point in the transform and vice-versa.
- BUT certain features in the transform contribute to certain features of the image.